## PTPRM Antibody

Catalog No: #37227



Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

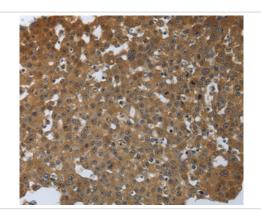
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|      |      |         |

| Product Name          | PTPRM Antibody   |
|-----------------------|--|
| Host Species          | Rabbit   |
| Clonality             | Polyclonal   |
| Purification          | Antigen affinity purification.   |
| Applications          | IHC  |
| Species Reactivity    | Hu Ms  |
| Specificity           | The antibody detects endogenous levels of total PTPRM protein.                                       |
| Immunogen Type        | Peptide  |
| Immunogen Description | Synthetic peptide corresponding to a region derived from internal residues of human Protein tyrosine |
|                       | phosphatase, receptor type, M  |
| Target Name           | PTPRM  |
| Other Names           | RPTPM; RPTPU; PTPRL1; hR-PTPu; R-PTP-MU  |
| Accession No.         | Swiss-Prot#: P28827NCBI Gene ID: 5797Gene Accssion: NP_002836  |
| Uniprot               | P28827   |
| GeneID                | 5797;  |
| Concentration         | 1.3mg/ml   |
| Formulation           | Rabbit IgG in pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol.   |
| Storage               | Store at -20°C   |

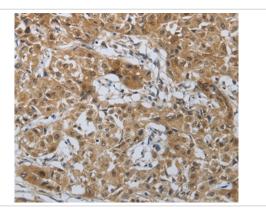
## Application Details

Immunohistochemistry: 1:50-1:200

## **Images**



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human breast cancer tissue using #37227 at dilution 1/40.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using #37227 at dilution 1/40.

## Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family. PTPs are known to be signaling molecules that regulate a variety of cellular processes including cell growth, differentiation, mitotic cycle, and oncogenic transformation. This PTP possesses an extracellular region, a single transmembrane region, and two tandem catalytic domains, and thus represents a receptor-type PTP. The extracellular region contains a meprin-A5 antigen-PTP mu (MAM) domain, an Ig-like domain and four fibronectin type III-like repeats. This PTP has been shown to mediate cell-cell aggregation through the interaction with another molecule of this PTP on an adjacent cell. This PTP can interact with scaffolding protein RACK1/GNB2L1, which may be necessary for the downstream signaling in response to cell-cell adhesion. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcripts encoding distinct isoforms.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only