RIPK2 (Phospho-Ser176) Antibody

Catalog No: #12120

Description

Package Size: #12120-1 50ul #12120-2 100ul



Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

Product Name	RIPK2 (Phospho-Ser176) Antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Purification	Antibodies were produced by immunizing rabbits with synthetic phosphopeptide and KLH conjugates.
	Antibodies were purified by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific phosphopeptide. Non-phospho
	specific antibodies were removed by chromatogramphy using non-phosphopeptide.
Applications	WB IHC
Species Reactivity	Hu Ms
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous levels of RIPK2 only when phosphorylated at serine 176.
Immunogen Description	Peptide sequence around phosphorylation site of serine 176 (S-L-S(p)-Q-S) derived from Human RIPK2.
Target Name	RIPK2
Modification	Phospho
Other Names	CARD-containing IL-1 beta ICE-kinase; CARD-containing interleukin-1 beta converting enzyme associated
	kinase; CARDIAK; EC 2.7.11.1; kinase RIPK2; Receptor-interacting protein 2; Receptor-interacting
	serine/threonine protein kinase 2; RICK; RIP-2; RIP-like

Swiss-Prot#:O43353;NCBI Gene#:8767

O43353 8767;

62kd

1.0mg/ml

and 50% glycerol.
Store at -20°C

Application Details

Accession No.

SDS-PAGE MW

Concentration

Formulation

Storage

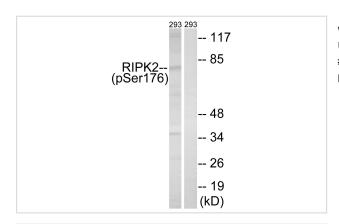
Uniprot

GeneID

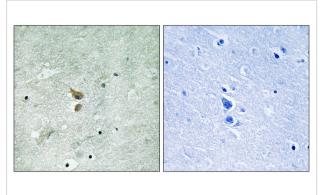
Western blotting: 1:500~1:3000
Immunohistochemistry: 1:50~1:100

Images

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide



Western blot analysis of extracts from 293 cells, treated with UV (15mins), using RIPK2 (Phospho-Ser176) antibody #12120. The lane on the right is treated with the synthesized peptide.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain tissue using RIPK2 (Phospho-Ser176) antibody #12120. The picture on the right is treated with the synthesized peptide.

Background

Serine/threonine/tyrosine kinase that plays an essential role in modulation of innate and adaptive immune responses. Upon stimulation by bacterial peptidoglycans, NOD1 and NOD2 are activated, oligomerize and recruit RIPK2 through CARD-CARD domains. Contributes to the tyrosine phosphorylation of the guanine exchange factor ARHGEF2 through Src tyrosine kinase leading to NF-kappaB activation by NOD2. Once recruited, RIPK2 autophosphorylates and undergoes 'Lys-63'-linked polyubiquitination by E3 ubiquitin ligases XIAP, BIRC2 and BIRC3. The polyubiquitinated protein mediates the recruitment of MAP3K7/TAK1 to IKBKG/NEMO and induces 'Lys-63'-linked polyubiquitination of IKBKG/NEMO and subsequent activation of IKBKB/IKKB. In turn, NF-kappa-B is released from NF-kappa-B inhibitors and translocates into the nucleus where it activates the transcription of hundreds of genes involved in immune response, growth control, or protection against apoptosis. Plays also a role during engagement of the T-cell receptor (TCR) in promoting BCL10 phosphorylation and subsequent NF-kappa-B activation.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only