

galanin receptor 2 antibody

Catalog No: #22464

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com

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Description

Product Name	galanin receptor 2 antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Purification	Purified by antigen-affinity chromatography.
Applications	WB IHC
Species Reactivity	Hu
Immunogen Type	Peptide
Immunogen Description	Synthetic peptide contain a sequence corresponding to a region within amino acids 212 and 277 of Human GALR2
Target Name	galanin receptor 2
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot:O43603Gene ID:8811
Uniprot	O43603
GeneID	8811;
Concentration	1mg/ml
Formulation	Supplied in 0.1M Tris-buffered saline with 10% Glycerol (pH7.0). 0.01% Thimerosal was added as a preservative.
Storage	Store at -20°C for long term preservation (recommended). Store at 4°C for short term use.

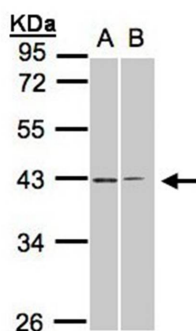
Application Details

Predicted MW: 42kd

Western blotting: 1:500-1:3000

Immunohistochemistry: 1:100-1:250

Images



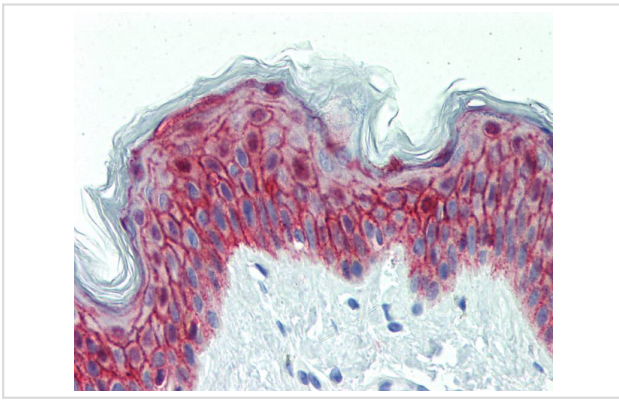
Sample(30 ug whole cell lysate)

A: 293T

B: H1299

10% SDS PAGE

Primary antibody diluted at 1: 1000



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Skin, using Galanin Receptor 2 antibody(10 ug/ml).

Background

Galanin is an important neuromodulator present in the brain, gastrointestinal system, and hypothalamopituitary axis. It is a 30-amino acid non-C-terminally amidated peptide that potently stimulates growth hormone secretion, inhibits cardiac vagal slowing of heart rate, abolishes sinus arrhythmia, and inhibits postprandial gastrointestinal motility. The actions of galanin are mediated through interaction with specific membrane receptors that are members of the 7-transmembrane family of G protein-coupled receptors. GALR2 interacts with the N-terminal residues of the galanin peptide. The primary signaling mechanism for GALR2 is through the phospholipase C/protein kinase C pathway (via Gq), in contrast to GALR1, which communicates its intracellular signal by inhibition of adenylyl cyclase through Gi. However, it has been demonstrated that GALR2 couples efficiently to both the Gq and Gi proteins to simultaneously activate 2 independent signal transduction pathways. [provided by RefSeq]

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only