

Phospho-Erk1(T202)+Erk2(T185) Rabbit mAb

Catalog No: #13340

Package Size: #13340-1 50ul #13340-2 100ul

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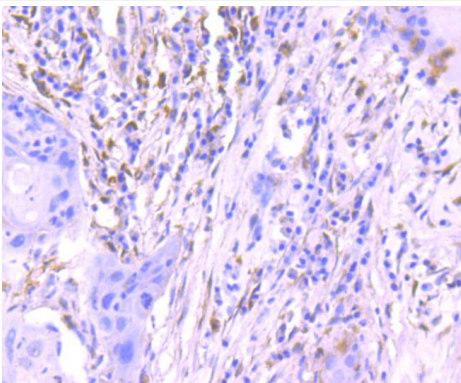
Description

Product Name	Phospho-Erk1(T202)+Erk2(T185) Rabbit mAb
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone No.	SZ2-4
Purification	ProA affinity purified
Applications	WB, ICC, IHC, FC
Species Reactivity	Hu
Immunogen Description	Synthetic phospho-peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Thr185 of human Erk2.
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot#:P27361
Uniprot	P27361
GeneID	5595;
Calculated MW	42/44 kDa
Formulation	1*TBS (pH7.4), 1%BSA, 40%Glycerol. Preservative: 0.05% Sodium Azide.
Storage	Store at -20°C

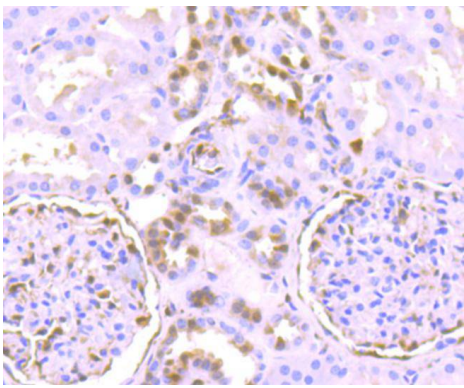
Application Details

WB: 1:1,000 IHC: 1:50-1:200 ICC: 1:100-1:500FC: 1:50-1:100

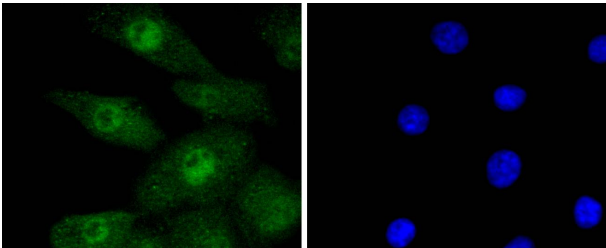
Images



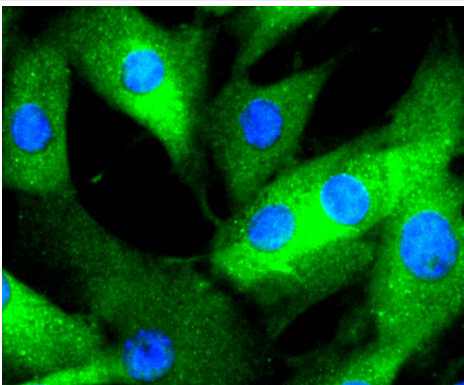
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human lung cancer tissue using anti-Phospho-Erk1(T202)+Erk2(T185) antibody. Counter stained with hematoxylin.



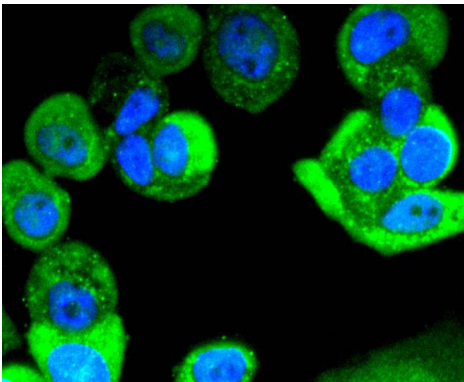
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human kidney tissue using anti-Phospho-Erk1(T202)+Erk2(T185) antibody. Counter stained with hematoxylin.



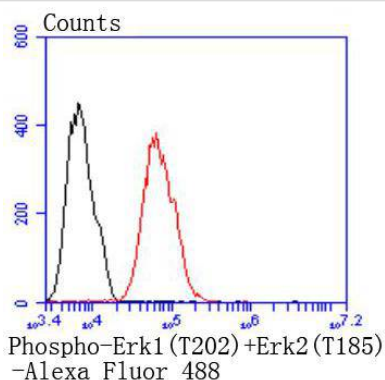
ICC staining Phospho-Erk1(T202)+Erk2(T185) in A549 cells (green). The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue). Cells were fixed in paraformaldehyde, permeabilised with 0.25% Triton X100/PBS.



ICC staining Phospho-Erk1(T202)+Erk2(T185) in NIH/3T3 cells (green). The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue). Cells were fixed in paraformaldehyde, permeabilised with 0.25% Triton X100/PBS.



ICC staining Phospho-Erk1(T202)+Erk2(T185) in MCF-7 cells (green). The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue). Cells were fixed in paraformaldehyde, permeabilised with 0.25% Triton X100/PBS.



Flow cytometric analysis of MCF-7 cells with Phospho-Erk1(T202)+Erk2(T185) antibody at 1/50 dilution (red) compared with an unlabelled control (cells without incubation with primary antibody; black). Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated goat anti rabbit IgG was used as secondary antibody

Background

Mitogen-activated protein kinases (MAPKs) are a widely conserved family of serine/threonine protein kinases involved in many cellular programs, such as cell proliferation, differentiation, motility, and death. The p44/42 MAPK (Erk1/2) signaling pathway can be activated in response to a diverse range of extracellular stimuli including mitogens, growth factors, and cytokines, and research investigators consider it an important target in the diagnosis and treatment of cancer. Upon stimulation, a sequential three-part protein kinase cascade is initiated, consisting of a MAP kinase kinase kinase (MAPKKK or MAP3K), a MAP kinase kinase (MAPKK or MAP2K), and a MAP kinase (MAPK). Multiple p44/42 MAP3Ks have been identified, including members of the Raf family, as well as Mos and Tpl2/COT. MEK1 and MEK2 are the primary MAPKKs in this pathway. MEK1 and MEK2 activate p44 and p42 through phosphorylation of activation loop residues Thr202/Tyr204 and Thr185/Tyr187, respectively. Several downstream targets of p44/42 have been identified, including p90RSK and the transcription factor Elk-1. p44/42 are negatively regulated by a family of dual-specificity (Thr/Tyr) MAPK phosphatases, known as DUSPs or MKPs, along with MEK inhibitors, such as U0126 and PD98059.

References

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only