PAX9 Rabbit mAb

Catalog No: #49171

Package Size: #49171-1 50ul #49171-2 100ul



Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

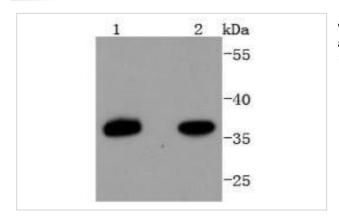
| $\overline{}$ | | 4.0 | |
|--------------------|-------|-----|-----|
| | escri | ntı | nn |
| $\boldsymbol{\nu}$ | COUL | μu | ווט |

| Dreduct Name | DAYO Dakhit mAh |
|-----------------------|---|
| Product Name | PAX9 Rabbit mAb |
| Host Species | Recombinant Rabbit |
| Clonality | Monoclonal antibody |
| Clone No. | SD082-02 |
| Purification | ProA affinity purified |
| Applications | WB |
| Species Reactivity | Hu, Ms, Rt |
| Immunogen Description | recombinant protein |
| Other Names | Paired box 9 antibody Paired box gene 9 antibody Paired box homeotic gene 9 antibody Paired box protein 9 |
| | antibody Paired box protein Pax 9 antibody Paired box protein Pax-9 antibody Paired box protein Pax9 |
| | antibody Paired domain gene 9 antibody PAX 9 antibody PAX9 antibody PAX9_HUMAN antibody STHAG3 |
| | antibody |
| Accession No. | Swiss-Prot#:P55771 |
| Uniprot | P55771 |
| GeneID | 5083; |
| Calculated MW | 36 kDa |
| Formulation | 1*TBS (pH7.4), 1%BSA, 40%Glycerol. Preservative: 0.05% Sodium Azide. |
| Storage | Store at -20°C |
| | |

Application Details

WB: 1:1,000-1:2,000

Images



Western blot analysis of PAX9 on different lysates using anti-PAX9 antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. Positive control: Lane 1: HepG2 Lane 2: Hela

Background

Pax genes contain paired domains with strong homology to genes in Droso-phila which are involved in programming early development. Pax-9, a

member of the paired box-containing gene family, is closely related in its paired do-main to Pax-1. The Pax-9 gene encodes the highly conserved paired domain and the gene is a member of the same subgroup as Pax-1/undulated. Pax-9 is essential for the development of a variety of organs and skeletal elements. Mutations in either the Pax-1 or the Pax-9 genes may produce an inherited skeletal disorder such as the Jarcho-Levin syndrome or other forms of spondylocostal dysplasia, conditions resembling undulated in the mouse. A frameshift mutation within the paired domain of Pax-9 was identified in a family segregating autosomal dominant oligodontia whose members had normal primary dentition but lacked most permanent molars. In addition to lack of permanent molars, some individuals also lacked maxillary and/or mandibular second premolars, as well as mandibular central incisors. The gene which encodes Pax-9 maps to human chromosome 14q12-q13.

| $\overline{}$ | ef | | | | _ | |
|---------------|------------|---------------------|----|---|--------|-----|
| H | ΔT | $\boldsymbol{\sim}$ | rΩ | n | \sim | മ |
| | | \mathbf{r} | | | • | 410 |

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only