

Alpha Actinin 2 Rabbit mAb

Catalog No: #49344



Package Size: #49344-1 50ul #49344-2 100ul

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com
Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

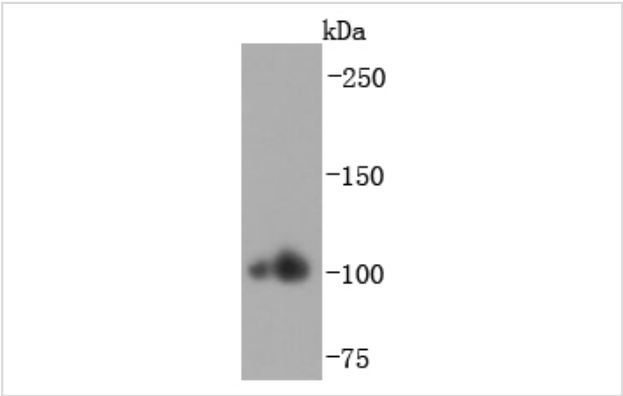
Description

Product Name	Alpha Actinin 2 Rabbit mAb
Clone No.	JF0980
Purification	ProA affinity purified
Applications	WB, IHC, IP
Species Reactivity	Hu, Ms, Rt
Immunogen Description	recombinant protein
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot#:P35609
Uniprot	P35609
GeneID	88;
Calculated MW	104 kDa
Formulation	1*TBS (pH7.4), 1%BSA, 40%Glycerol. Preservative: 0.05% Sodium Azide.
Storage	Store at 4°C

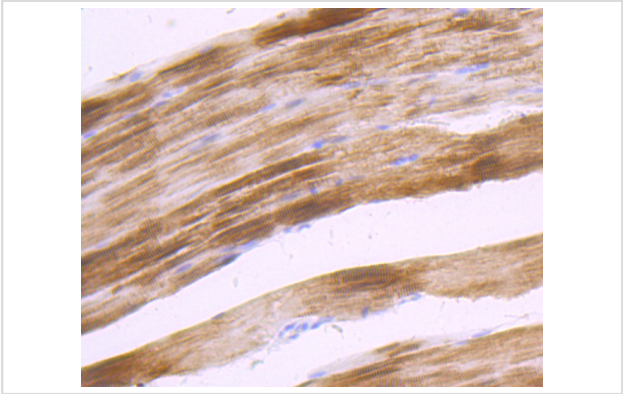
Application Details

WB: 1:1,000-1:2,000
IHC: 1:50-1:200

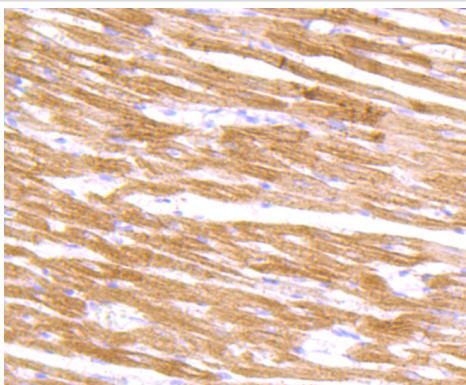
Images



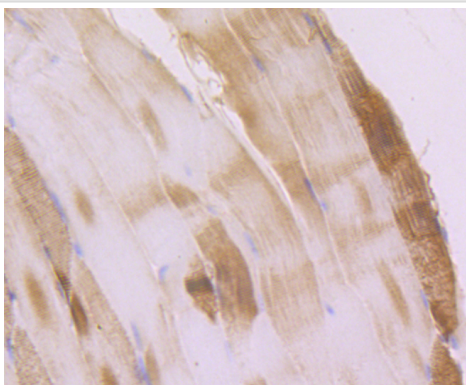
Western blot analysis of ACTN2 on human heart lysates using anti-ACTN2 antibody at 1/1,000 dilution.



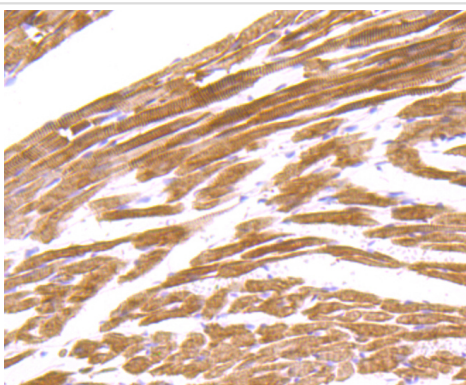
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat skeletal muscle tissue using anti-ACTN2 antibody. Counter stained with hematoxylin.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat heart tissue using anti-ACTN2 antibody. Counter stained with hematoxylin.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse skeletal tissue using anti-ACTN2 antibody. Counter stained with hematoxylin.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse heart tissue using anti-ACTN2 antibody. Counter stained with hematoxylin.

Background

The spectrin gene family encodes a diverse group of cytoskeletal proteins that include spectrins, dystrophins and α -actinins. There are four tissue-specific α -actinins, namely α -actinin-1, α -actinin-2, α -actinin-3 and α -actinin-4, which are localized to muscle and non-muscle cells, including skeletal, cardiac and smooth muscle cells, as well as within the cytoskeleton. Each α -actinin protein contains one Actin-binding domain, two calponin-homology domains, two EF-hand domains and four spectrin repeats, through which they function as bundling proteins that can cross-link F-Actin, thus anchoring Actin to a variety of intracellular structures. Defects in the gene encoding α -actinin-4 are the cause of focal segmental glomerulosclerosis 1 (FSGS1), a common renal lesion characterized by decreasing kidney function and, ultimately, renal failure.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only