# HLA class II histocompatibility antigen, DP beta 1 chain Polyclonal Antibody

SAB Signalway Antibody

Catalog No: #42587

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

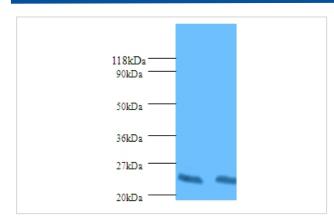
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Product Name	HLA class II histocompatibility antigen, DP beta 1 chain Polyclonal Antibody	
Host Species	Rabbit	
Clonality	Polyclonal	
Purification	Caprylic Acid Ammonium Sulfate Precipitation purified	
Applications	WB	
Species Reactivity	Hu	
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous level of total HLA class II histocompatibility antigen, DP beta 1 chain	
	polyclonal antibody.	
Immunogen Type	protein	
Immunogen Description	Recombinant human HLA class II histocompatibility antigen, DP beta 1 chain protein	
Target Name	HLA class II histocompatibility antigen, DP beta 1 chain	
Other Names	HLA class II histocompatibility antigen, DP(W4) beta chain, MHC class II antigen DPB1, HLA-DPB1,	
	HLA-DP1B	
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot#: P04440	
Uniprot	P04440	
GeneID	3115;	
Calculated MW	26kd	
Formulation	Preservative: 0.03% Proclin 300 Constituents: 50% Glycerol, 0.01M PBS, PH 7.4	
Storage	Store at -20°C	

## **Application Details**

Western blotting: □1:500 - 1:1000
Immunohistochemistry: 1:20 - 1:200

### **Images**



All lanes: HLA class II histocompatibility antigen, DP beta 1

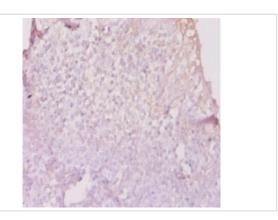
chain antibody at 2ug/ml

Lane 1 :sw1990 whole cell lysate Lane 2 : HGC-27 whole cell lysate

Secondary

Goat polyclonal to Rabbit IgG at 1/10000 dilution

Predicted band size :26kDa Observed band size:26kDa



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embeded human tonsil using #42587 at dilution of 1:50.

#### Background

Binds peptides derived from antigens that access the endocytic route of antigen presenting cells (APC) and presents them on the cell surface for recognition by the CD4 T-cells. The peptide binding cleft accommodates peptides of 10-30 residues. The peptides presented by MHC class II molecules are generated mostly by degradation of proteins that access the endocytic route, where they are processed by lysosomal proteases and other hydrolases. Exogenous antigens that have been endocytosed by the APC are thus readily available for presentation via MHC II molecules, and for this reason this antigen presentation pathway is usually referred to as exogenous. As membrane proteins on their way to degradation in lysosomes as part of their normal turn-over are also contained in the endosomal/lysosomal compartments, exogenous antigens must compete with those derived from endogenous components. Autophagy is also a source of endogenous peptides, autophagosomes constitutively fuse with MHC class II loading compartments. In addition to APCs, other cells of the gastrointestinal tract, such as epithelial cells, express MHC class II molecules and CD74 and act as APCs, which is an unusual trait of the GI tract. To produce a MHC class II molecule that presents an antigen, three MHC class II molecules (heterodimers of an alpha and a beta chain) associate with a CD74 trimer in the ER to form a heterononamer. Soon after the entry of this complex into the endosomal/lysosomal system where antigen processing occurs, CD74 undergoes a sequential degradation by various proteases, including CTSS and CTSL, leaving a small fragment termed CLIP (class-II-associated invariant chain peptide). The removal of CLIP is facilitated by HLA-DM via direct binding to the alpha-beta-CLIP complex so that CLIP is released. HLA-DM stabilizes MHC class II molecules until primary high affinity antigenic peptides are bound. The MHC II molecule bound to a peptide is then transported to the cell membrane surface. In B-cells, the interaction between HLA-DM and MHC class II molecules is regulated by HLA-DO. Primary dendritic cells (DCs) also to express HLA-DO. Lysosomal miroenvironment has been implicated in the regulation of antigen loading into MHC II molecules, increased acidification produces increased proteolysis and efficient peptide loading.

#### References

[1]"Structure and polymorphism of the HLA class II SB light chain genes."Kappes D.J., Arnot D., Okada K., Strominger J.L.EMBO J. 3:2985-2993(1984) [2] "DO beta: a new beta chain gene in HLA-D with a distinct regulation of expression.&quo

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only