Phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-trisphosphate 3-phosphatase and dual-specificity protein phosphatase PTEN Polyclonal Antibody



Catalog No: #42618

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

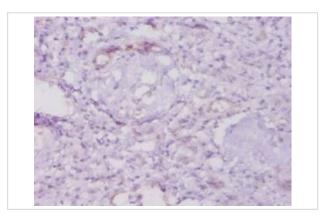
Description

Product Name	Phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-trisphosphate 3-phosphatase and dual-specificity protein phosphatase PTEN
	Polyclonal Antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Purification	Caprylic Acid Ammonium Sulfate Precipitation purified
Applications	IHC
Species Reactivity	Hu
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous level of total Phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-trisphosphate 3-phosphatase and
	dual-specificity protein phosphatase PTEN polyclonal antibody.
Immunogen Type	protein
Immunogen Description	Recombinant human Phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-trisphosphate 3-phosphatase and dual-specificity protein
	phosphatase PTEN
Target Name	Phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-trisphosphate 3-phosphatase and d
Other Names	Mutated in multiple advanced cancers 1, Phosphatase and tensin homolog, PTEN, MMAC1, TEP1
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot#: P60484
Uniprot	P60484
GeneID	5728;
Formulation	Preservative: 0.03% Proclin 300 Constituents: 50% Glycerol, 0.01M PBS, PH 7.4
Storage	Store at -20°C

Application Details

Immunohistochemistry: 1:20 - 1:200

Images



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embeded human kidney using #42618 at dilution of 1:20.

Background

Tumor suppressor. Acts as a dual-specificity protein phosphatase, dephosphorylating tyrosine-, serine- and threonine-phosphorylated proteins. Also acts as a lipid phosphatase, removing the phosphate in the D3 position of the inositol ring from phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-trisphosphate, phosphatidylinositol 3-phosphate and inositol 1,3,4,5-tetrakisphosphate with order of substrate preference in vitro PtdIns(3,4,5)P3 > PtdIns(3,4)P2 > PtdIns3P > Ins(1,3,4,5)P4. The lipid phosphatase activity is critical for its tumor suppressor function.

Antagonizes the PI3K-AKT/PKB signaling pathway by dephosphorylating phosphoinositides and thereby modulating cell cycle progression and cell survival. The unphosphorylated form cooperates with AIP1 to suppress AKT1 activation. Dephosphorylates tyrosine-phosphorylated focal adhesion kinase and inhibits cell migration and integrin-mediated cell spreading and focal adhesion formation. Plays a role as a key modulator of the AKT-mTOR signaling pathway controlling the tempo of the process of newborn neurons integration during adult neurogenesis, including correct neuron positioning, dendritic development and synapse formation. May be a negative regulator of insulin signaling and glucose metabolism in adipose tissue. The nuclear monoubiquitinated form possesses greater apoptotic potential, whereas the cytoplasmic nonubiquitinated form induces less tumor suppressive ability.

References

[1] "TEP1, encoded by a candidate tumor suppressor locus, is a novel protein tyrosine phosphatase regulated by transforming growth factor beta."Li D.M., Sun H.Cancer Res. 57:2124-2129(1997) [2] "Identification of a candidate tumour suppressor gene, MMAC

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only