CK16 Mouse Conjugated Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No: #C38011



Package Size: #C38011-AF350 100ul #C38011-AF405 100ul #C38011-AF488 100ul

#C38011-AF555 100ul #C38011-AF594 100ul #C38011-AF647 100ul

#C38011-AF680 100ul #C38011-AF750 100ul #C38011-Biotin 100ul

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

Description

Product Name	CK16 Mouse Conjugated Monoclonal Antibody
Host Species	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Species Reactivity	Hu Ms Rt
Specificity	The CK16 Mouse Monoclonal antibody detects endogenous CK16 proteins.
Conjugates	Biotin AF350 AF405 AF488 AF555 AF594 AF647 AF680 AF750
Other Names	CK-16; CK16; cytokeratin 16; Cytokeratin-16; FNEPPK
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot#:P08779
Uniprot	P08779
GeneID	3868;
Excitation Emission	AF350: 346nm/442nm
	AF405: 401nm/421nm
	AF488: 493nm/519nm
	AF555: 555nm/565nm
	AF594: 591nm/614nm
	AF647: 651nm/667nm
	AF680: 679nm/702nm
	AF750: 749nm/775nm
Calculated MW	51
Formulation	0.01M Sodium Phosphate, 0.25M NaCl, pH 7.6, 5mg/ml Bovine Serum Albumin, 0.02% Sodium Azide
Storage	Store at 4°C in dark for 6 months

Application Details

Suggested Dilution:

AF350 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF405 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF488 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF555 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF594 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF647 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF680 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF750 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250

 $Biotin \ conjugated: working \ with \ enzyme-conjugated \ streptavidin, \ most \ applications: \ 1:50 - 1:1,000$

Background

Keratin 16 is expressed in keratinocytes, which are undergoing rapid turnover in the suprabasal region (also known as hyperproliferation-related keratins). Keratin 16 is absent in normal breast tissue and in noninvasive breast carcinomas. Only 10% of the invasive breast carcinomas show diffuse or focal positivity. Reportedly, a relatively high concordance was found between the carcinomas immunostaining with the basal cell and the hyperproliferation-related keratins, but not between these markers and the proliferation marker Ki-67. This supports the conclusion that basal cells in breast cancer may show extensive proliferation, and that absence of Ki-67 staining does not mean that (tumor) cells are not proliferating.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only