

CRYBA4 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: #28895



Package Size: #28895-1 50ul #28895-2 100ul

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com
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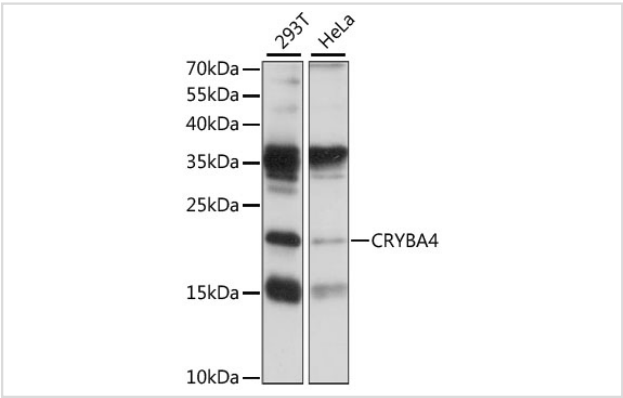
Description

Product Name	CRYBA4 Polyclonal Antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Purification	Affinity purification
Applications	WB
Species Reactivity	Human
Immunogen Description	Recombinant fusion protein of human CRYBA4 (NP_001877.1).
Other Names	CRYBA4; CTRCT23; CYRBA4; MCOPCT4; beta-crystallin A4
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot#:P53673NCBI Gene ID:1413
Uniprot	P53673
GeneID	1413;
Calculated MW	22kDa
Formulation	Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 50% glycerol, pH7.4.
Storage	Store at -20°C

Application Details

WB 1:200 - 1:2000

Images



Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines, using CRYBA4 at 1:1000 dilution.

Background

Crystallins are separated into two classes: taxon-specific, or enzyme, and ubiquitous. The latter class constitutes the major proteins of vertebrate eye lens and maintains the transparency and refractive index of the lens. Since lens central fiber cells lose their nuclei during development, these crystallins are made and then retained throughout life, making them extremely stable proteins. Mammalian lens crystallins are divided into alpha, beta, and gamma families; beta and gamma crystallins are also considered as a superfamily. Alpha and beta families are further divided into acidic and

basic groups. Seven protein regions exist in crystallins: four homologous motifs, a connecting peptide, and N- and C-terminal extensions. Beta-crystallins, the most heterogeneous, differ by the presence of the C-terminal extension (present in the basic group, none in the acidic group). Beta-crystallins form aggregates of different sizes and are able to self-associate to form dimers or to form heterodimers with other beta-crystallins. This gene, a beta acidic group member, is part of a gene cluster with beta-B1, beta-B2, and beta-B3.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only