PML(isoform 5)Polyclonal Conjugated Antibody

Catalog No: #C30325

SAB Signalway Antibody

Package Size: #C30325-AF350 100ul #C30325-AF405 100ul #C30325-AF488 100ul

#C30325-AF555 100ul #C30325-AF594 100ul #C30325-AF647 100ul

#C30325-AF680 100ul #C30325-AF750 100ul #C30325-Biotin 100ul

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

Description

Product Name	PML(isoform 5)Polyclonal Conjugated Antibody	
Host Species	Rabbit	
Clonality	Polyclonal	
Isotype	IgG	
Purification	Affinity purification	
Applications	most applications	
Species Reactivity	Hu	
Immunogen Description	A synthetic peptide of human PML.	
Conjugates	Biotin AF350 AF405 AF488 AF555 AF594 AF647 AF680 AF750	
Other Names	PML; MYL; PP8675; RNF71; TRIM19; protein PML	
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot#:P29590NCBI Gene ID:5371	
Uniprot	P29590	
GeneID	5371;	
Excitation Emission	AF350: 346nm/442nm	
	AF405: 401nm/421nm	
	AF488: 493nm/519nm	
	AF555: 555nm/565nm	
	AF594: 591nm/614nm	
	AF647: 651nm/667nm	
	AF680: 679nm/702nm	
	AF750: 749nm/775nm	
Calculated MW	Refer to figures	
Formulation	0.01M Sodium Phosphate, 0.25M NaCl, pH 7.6, 5mg/ml Bovine Serum Albumin, 0.02% Sodium Azide	
Storage	Store at 4°C in dark for 6 months	

Application Details

Suggested Dilution:	
AF350 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250	
AF405 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250	
AF488 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250	
AF555 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250	
AF594 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250	
AF647 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250	
AF680 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250	

AF750 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250

Biotin conjugated: working with enzyme-conjugated streptavidin, most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 1,000

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the tripartite motif (TRIM) family. The TRIM motif includes three zinc-binding domains, a RING, a B-box type 1 and a B-box type 2, and a coiled-coil region. This phosphoprotein localizes to nuclear bodies where it functions as a transcription factor and tumor suppressor. Its expression is cell-cycle related and it regulates the p53 response to oncogenic signals. The gene is often involved in the translocation with the retinoic acid receptor alpha gene associated with acute promyelocytic leukemia (APL). Extensive alternative splicing of this gene results in several variations of the protein's central and C-terminal regions; all variants encode the same N-terminus. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only