

ER $\alpha$  (phospho Ser167) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: #13881



Package Size: #13881-1 50ul #13881-2 100ul

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## Description

|                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| Product Name          | ER $\alpha$ (phospho Ser167) Polyclonal Antibody  |
| Host Species          | Rabbit  |
| Purification          | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.   |
| Applications          | WB,IHC-p,IF(paraffin section),ELISA   |
| Species Reactivity    | Human   |
| Specificity           | Phospho-ER $\alpha$ (S167) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of ER $\alpha$ protein only when phosphorylated at S167.                             |
| Immunogen Description | The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Estrogen Receptor-alpha around the phosphorylation site of Ser167. AA range:136-185 |
| Other Names           | ESR1; ESR; NR3A1; Estrogen receptor; ER; ER-alpha; Estradiol receptor; Nuclear receptor subfamily 3 group A member 1  |
| Accession No.         | Swiss Prot:P03372GeneID:2099  |
| Uniprot               | P03372  |
| GeneID                | 2099  |
| Concentration         | 1 mg/ml   |
| Formulation           | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.   |
| Storage               | -20°C/1   |

## Application Details

Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.

## Background

estrogen receptor 1(ESR1) Homo sapiens This gene encodes an estrogen receptor, a ligand-activated transcription factor composed of several domains important for hormone binding, DNA binding, and activation of transcription. The protein localizes to the nucleus where it may form a homodimer or a heterodimer with estrogen receptor 2. Estrogen and its receptors are essential for sexual development and reproductive function, but also play a role in other tissues such as bone. Estrogen receptors are also involved in pathological processes including breast cancer, endometrial cancer, and osteoporosis. Alternative promoter usage and alternative splicing result in dozens of transcript variants, but the full-length nature of many of these variants has not been determined. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2014],

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only