human Fibrinogen Antibody FITC Conjugated

Catalog No: #C01981F



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Description	Support: tech@signalwayantibody.co
Product Name	human Fibrinogen Antibody FITC Conjugated
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Purification	Purified by Protein A.
Applications	IF
Species Reactivity	Hu Ms Rt
Immunogen Description	Fibrinogen from human plasma
Conjugates	FITC
Target Name	human Fibrinogen
Other Names	FGA; FGA protein; FGB; FGG; Fib2; Fibrin alpha chain ;Fibrinogen A alpha polypeptide; Fibrinogen A alpha
	polypeptide chain; Fibrinogen alpha chain; Fibrinogen B alpha polypeptide; Fibrinogen beta chain; Fibrinogen
	G alpha polypeptide; Fibrinogen gamma chain; MGC104327; MGC119422; MGC119423; MGC11942
Accession No.	NCBI Gene ID2243
Uniprot	P02671
GeneID	2243;
Excitation Emission	494nm 518nm
Concentration	1mg ml
Formulation	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage	Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Application Details

IF=1:50-200

Background

Fibrinogen is the main protein of blood coagulation system. It is a large protein and it consists of two identical subunits that contain three polypeptide chains: alpha, beta and gamma. All chains are connected with each other by a number of disulfide bonds. Fibrinopeptides A (1 to 16 amino acids) and B (1 to 17 amino acids) are released by thrombin from the N terminal parts of alpha and beta chains, respectively. In this way fibrinogen is converted into fibrin, which by means of polymerization forms a fibrin clot. Fibrinogen clotting underlies pathogenesis of MI, thromboembolism and thromboses of arteries and veins, since fibrin is the main substrate for thrombus formation. Fibrinogen activation is also involved in pathogenesis of inflammation, tumor growth and many other diseases.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only