## FAK(Ab-576/577) Antibody

Catalog No: #21545

Package Size: #21545-1 50ul #21545-2 100ul



Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

$\overline{}$		4.5
	escri	ntion
$\boldsymbol{L}$	COUL	Puon

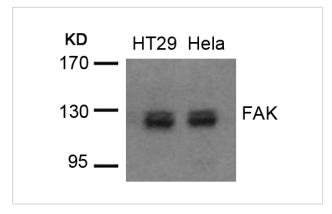
Product Name	FAK(Ab-576/577) Antibody	
Host Species	Rabbit	
Clonality	Polyclonal	
Purification	Antibodies were produced by immunizing rabbits with synthetic peptide and KLH conjugates. Antibodies were	
	purified by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific peptide.	
Applications	WB IHC	
Species Reactivity	Hu Ms Rt	
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous level of total FAK protein.	
Immunogen Type	Peptide-KLH	
Immunogen Description	Peptide sequence around aa.574~578/575~579 (T-Y-Y-K-A) derived from Human FAK.	
Target Name	FAK	
Other Names	FADK 1; FAK1; PTK2	
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot: Q05397NCBI Protein: NP _005598.3	
Uniprot	Q05397	
GeneID	5747;	
Concentration	1.0mg/ml	
Formulation	Supplied at 1.0mg/mL in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02%	
	sodium azide and 50% glycerol.	
Storage	Store at -20°C for long term preservation (recommended). Store at 4°C for short term use.	

## Application Details

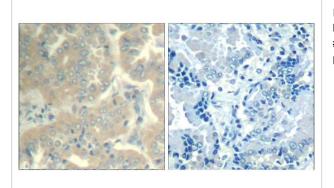
Predicted MW: 125kd

Western blotting: 1:500~1:1000
Immunohistochemistry: 1:50~1:100

## **Images**



Western blot analysis of extracts from HT29 and Hela cells using FAK(Ab-576/577) Antibody #21545.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human lung carcinoma tissue using FAK(Ab-576/577) Antibody #21545(left) or the same antibody preincubated with blocking peptide(right).

## Background

Non-receptor protein-tyrosine kinase implicated in signaling pathways involved in cell motility, proliferation and apoptosis. Activated by tyrosine-phosphorylation in response to either integrin clustering induced by cell adhesion or antibody cross-linking, or via G-protein coupled receptor (GPCR) occupancy by ligands such as bombesin or lysophosphatidic acid, or via LDL receptor occupancy. Plays a potential role in oncogenic transformations resulting in increased kinase activity.

Parsons, J.T. et al. (2000) Oncogene 19, 5606-5613.

Schaller, M.D. et al. (1994) Mol. Cell. Biol. 14, 1680-1688.

Chen, H.C. et al. (1996) J. Biol. Chem. 271, 26329-26334.

Calalb, M.B. et al. (1995) Mol. Cell. Biol. 15, 954-963.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only