

HCFC1 Antibody

Catalog No: #33797

Package Size: #33797-1 50ul #33797-2 100ul

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.comSupport: tech@signalwayantibody.com

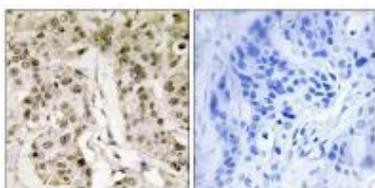
Description

Product Name	HCFC1 Antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Applications	IHC
Species Reactivity	Hu Ms
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous levels of total HCFC1 protein.
Immunogen Type	Peptide
Immunogen Description	Synthesized peptide derived from N-terminal of human HCFC1.
Target Name	HCFC1
Other Names	TF3C-gamma; TF3C3; TFIIC 102 kDa subunit; TFIIC102; TFIICgamma
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot: P51610NCBI Gene ID: 3054
Uniprot	P51610
GeneID	3054;
SDS-PAGE MW	209kd
Concentration	1.0mg/ml
Formulation	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg ²⁺ and Ca ²⁺), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
Storage	Store at -20°C

Application Details

Immunohistochemistry: 1:50~1:100

Images



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue, using HCFC1 antibody #33797.

Background

Involved in control of the cell cycle. Also antagonizes transactivation by ZBTB17 and GABP2; represses ZBTB17 activation of the p15(INK4b) promoter and inhibits its ability to recruit p300. Coactivator for EGR2 and GABP2. Tethers the chromatin modifying Set1/Ash2 histone H3 'Lys-4' methyltransferase (H3K4me) and Sin3 histone deacetylase (HDAC) complexes (involved in the activation and repression of transcription, respectively) together. Component of a THAP1/THAP3-HCFC1-OGT complex that is required for the regulation of the transcriptional activity of RRM1. As part of the NSL complex it may be involved in acetylation of nucleosomal histone H4 on several lysine residues. In case of human herpes simplex virus (HSV) infection, HCFC1 forms a multiprotein-DNA complex with the viral transactivator protein VP16 and POU2F1 thereby enabling the transcription of the viral immediate early genes.

Wilson A.C., Cell 74:115-125(1993).

Kristie T.M., J. Biol. Chem. 270:4387-4394(1995).

Ross M.T., Nature 434:325-337(2005).

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only