

NFkB-p105(Ab-907) Antibody

Catalog No: #21019

Package Size: #21019-1 50ul #21019-2 100ul

Description

Product Name	NFkB-p105(Ab-907) Antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Purification	Antibodies were produced by immunizing rabbits with synthetic peptide and KLH conjugates. Antibodies were purified by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific peptide.
Applications	WB IHC
Species Reactivity	Hu
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous level of total NFkB-p105 protein.
Immunogen Type	Peptide-KLH
Immunogen Description	Peptide sequence around aa.905~909 (P-L-S-P-A) derived from Human NFkB-p105.
Conjugates	Unconjugated
Target Name	NFkB-p105
Other Names	DNA-binding factor KBF1; EBP-1; NF-kappa-B1 p84/NF-kappa-B1 p98; NFkB1; NFkB-p50
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot: P19838NCBI Protein: NP_001158884.1
Concentration	1.0mg/ml
Formulation	Supplied at 1.0mg/mL in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg ²⁺ and Ca ²⁺), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
Storage	Store at -20°C for long term preservation (recommended). Store at 4°C for short term use.

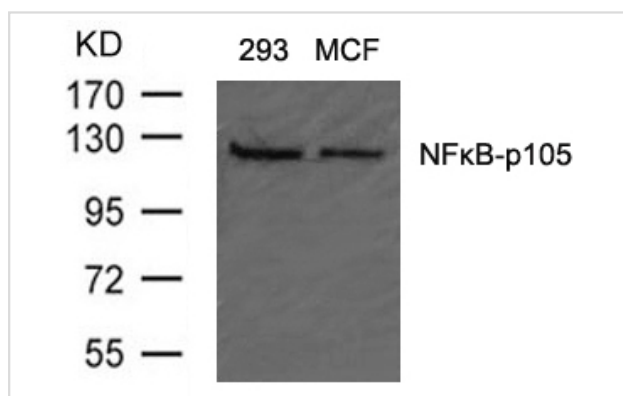
Application Details

Predicted MW: 120 kd

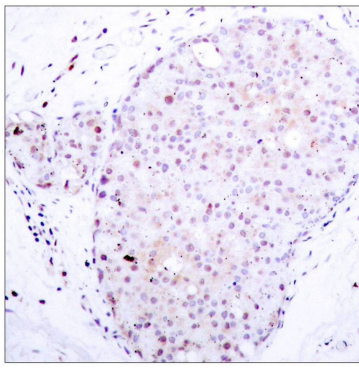
Western blotting: 1:500~1:1000

Immunohistochemistry: 1:50~1:100

Images



Western blot analysis of extracts from 293 and MCF cells using NFkB-p105(Ab-907) Antibody #21019.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue using NFkB-p105(Ab-907) Antibody #21019

Background

NF-kappa-B is a pleiotropic transcription factor which is present in almost all cell types and is involved in many biological processes such as inflammation, immunity, differentiation, cell growth, tumorigenesis and apoptosis. NF-kappa-B is a homo- or heterodimeric complex formed by the Rel-like domain-containing proteins RELA/p65, RELB, NFkB1/p105, NFkB1/p50, REL and NFkB2/p52. The dimers bind at kappa-B sites in the DNA of their target genes and the individual dimers have distinct preferences for different kappa-B sites that they can bind with distinguishable affinity and specificity. Different dimer combinations act as transcriptional activators or repressors, respectively.

Hou S, et al. (2003) J Biol Chem. 278(46): 45994-45998.

Baeuerle P A, et al. (1994) Annu Rev Immunol. 12:141-179.

Baeuerle P A, et al. (1996) Cell 87:13-20.

Haskill S, et al. (1991) Cell 65:1281-1289.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.