MyD88 Rabbit mAb

Catalog No: #48999

Package Size: #48999-1 50ul #48999-2 100ul



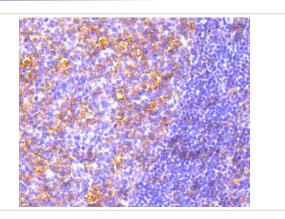
Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

Description

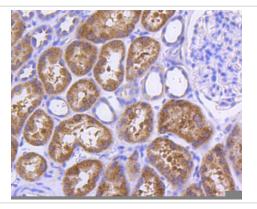
Product Name	MyD88 Rabbit mAb		
Host Species	Recombinant Rabbit		
Clonality	Monoclonal		
Clone No.	SC65-04		
Purification	ProA affinity purified		
Applications	WB, ICC/IF, IHC, FC		
Species Reactivity	Hu		
Immunogen Description	recombinant protein		
Conjugates	Unconjugated		
Other Names	Mutant myeloid differentiation primary response 88 antibody MYD 88 antibody Myd88 antibody		
	MYD88_HUMAN antibody MYD88D antibody Myeloid differentiation marker 88 antibody Myeloid differentiation		
	primary response 88 antibody Myeloid differentiation primary response gene (88) antibody Myeloid		
	differentiation primary response gene 88 antibody Myeloid differentiation primary response gene antibody		
	Myeloid differentiation primary response protein MyD88 antibody OTTHUMP00000161718 antibody		
	OTTHUMP00000208595 antibody OTTHUMP00000209058 antibody OTTHUMP00000209059 antibody		
	OTTHUMP00000209060 antibody		
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot#:Q99836		
Calculated MW	33 kDa		
Formulation	1*TBS (pH7.4), 1%BSA, 40%Glycerol. Preservative: 0.05% Sodium Azide.		
Storage	Store at -20°C		

Application Details

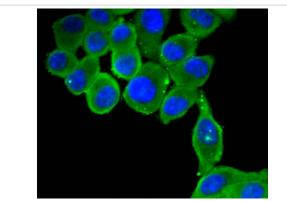
Images



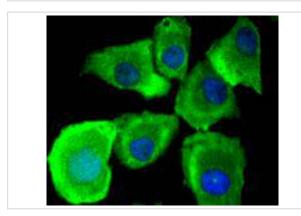
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human tonsil tissue using anti-MyD88 antibody. Counter stained with hematoxylin.



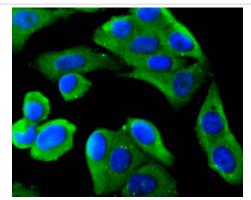
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human kidney tissue using anti-MyD88 antibody. Counter stained with hematoxylin.



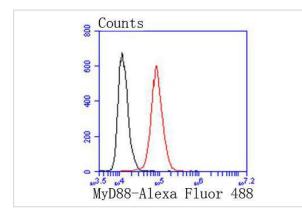
ICC staining MyD88 in HepG2 cells (green). The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue). Cells were fixed in paraformaldehyde, permeabilised with 0.25% Triton X100/PBS.



ICC staining MyD88 in A549 cells (green). The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue). Cells were fixed in paraformaldehyde, permeabilised with 0.25% Triton X100/PBS.



ICC staining MyD88 in MCF-7 cells (green). The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue). Cells were fixed in paraformaldehyde, permeabilised with 0.25% Triton X100/PBS.



Flow cytometric analysis of Hela cells with MyD88 antibody at 1/50 dilution (red) compared with an unlabelled control (cells without incubation with primary antibody; black). Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated goat anti rabbit IgG was used as the secondary antibody

Background

Interleukin-1 (IL-1)-induced activation of the NFkB pathway is mediated through the IL-1 receptor and the subsequent phosphorylation of IL-1 receptor-associated kinase (IRAK). The myeloid differentiation protein MyD88 was originally characterized as a protein upregulated in myeloleukemic cells following IL-6-induced growth arrest and terminal differentiation. MyD88 is now known to function as an adaptor protein for the association of IRAK with the IL-1 receptor. MyD88 is functionally homologous to the adaptor protein tube in the Toll signaling pathway of Drosophilia, and both proteins are members of the Toll/IL-1R superfamily. MyD88 contains a characteristic N-terminal death domain that is essential for NFkB activation and an adjacent Toll/IL-1R homology domain (TIR domain). Collectively, these domains enable the protein-protein interactions of MyD88 with IRAK and the IL-1 receptor complex.

\neg	4~		
Κе	ιе	rer	ices

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.